



Note 1: The term "Assemblies of people" is defined in (EU) 2019/947 Article 2(2): Assemblies of people have been defined by an objective criterion related to the possibility for an individual to move around in order to limit the consequences of an out-of-control drone. [...] Qualitative examples of assemblies of people are: a) sport, cultural, religious or political events; b) beaches or parks on a sunny day; c) commercial streets during the opening hours of the shops; and d) ski resorts/tracks/lanes.

Note 2: In particular cases where the conditions of obtaining a restricted area are fulfilled (Refer to LS-R directive in [EU](#), [EU](#), [EU](#), PDR&G02 might also be suited. Note that an LS-R is granted in only special cases and it is a lengthy process of at least 3 months.

Note 2 – controlled area is defined in [DfID] 2019/047 GM1 Article 2(1). Shortly described, it is an area on the ground (or surface of the Earth) where the UK operator is able to ensure that the only active participants are present. Active participants are those persons directly involved with the operation of the UAS or fully aware that the UK operation is being conducted near them. Active participants are fully aware of the risks involved with the UK operation and have accepted these risks. Active participants are informed on and able to follow relevant effective emergency procedures and/or contingency plans. The assurance that there will be no active participants in the area of operation is under full responsibility of the operator. The UAS operator may protect the controlled ground area by means of fencing or using other methods, as appropriate, considering the population density.

Note 4: The acceptable quantitative definition of the population density to be considered as sparsely populated is: less or equal to 300 pp/km² (2 pp/ha). Population density data is available on www.destatis.de (Population Statistics: Inhabitants) Refer to [EUCLIS-GM-PART](#) for further guidance.

Note 5: The AG's main responsibilities, as defined in point LIAIS-575-02-050, are to: (1) maintain a thorough visual scan of the airspace surrounding the unmanned aircraft (UA) in order to identify any risk of collision with any manned aircraft; (2) maintain awareness of the position of the UA through visual contact or through assistance provided by electronic means; (3) alert the

remote past when a hazard is detected and assist in avoiding or minimising the potential negative effects

Is my drone operation compliant with the properties and requirements of the scenario (RDRA/CH-STS)?

APPLY
Submit Application Form +
Operations Manual (as required)
to rpas@bazl.admin.ch